



GANDHI SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING
BHABANDHA, BERHAMPUR

BRANCH- CIVIL ENGINEERING

SEMESTER- 4th

SUBJECT- Th1. STRUCTURAL DESIGN - I

NAME OF THE FACULTY- Er. ALOKA RANJAN SAHU

TOPICS TO BE TAKEN					ACTUALLY TOPIC TAKEN			
Sl. No	Topic/ Module	No of Periods	Details of the Topics	Date	Topic no.	Topic Name	Date	Remark
1	Working stress method (WSM)	5	1.1 Objectives of design and detailing. State the different methods of design of concrete structures.	13.02.2023 - 15.02.2023	1.1	Objectives of design and detailing. State the different methods of design of concrete structures.	13.02.2023	
			1.2 Introduction to reinforced concrete, R.C. sections their behavior, grades of concrete and steel.		1.2	Introduction to reinforced concrete, R.C. sections their behavior, grades of concrete and steel.	14.02.2023	
			1.3 Flexural design and analysis of single reinforced sections from first principles.		1.3	Flexural design and analysis of single reinforced sections from first principles.	15.02.2023	
			1.4 Concept of under reinforced, over reinforced and balanced sections.		1.4	Concept of under reinforced, over reinforced and balanced sections.		
			1.5 Advantages and disadvantages of WSM, reasons for its obsolescence.		1.5	Advantages and disadvantages of WSM, reasons for its obsolescence.		
2	Philosophy of Limit state method (LSM)	3	2.1 Definition, Advantages of LSM over WSM, IS code suggestions regarding design philosophy.	17.02.2023 - 20.02.2023	2.1	Definition, Advantages of LSM over WSM, IS code suggestions regarding design philosophy.	17.02.2023	
			2.2 Types of limit states, partial safety factors for materials strength etc.		2.2	Types of limit states, partial safety factors for materials strength etc.	20.02.2023	
			2.3 Study of I.S specification regarding spacing of reinforcement in		2.3	Study of I.S specification regarding spacing of reinforcement in slab.		

3	Analysis and design of singly and double reinforced sections (LSM)	15	<p>3.1 Limit state of collapse (flexure), Assumptions, Stress-Strain relationship for concrete and steel section etc.</p> <p>3.2 Concept of under-reinforced, over-reinforced and limiting section,</p> <p>3.3 Analysis and design.</p> <p>3.4 Necessity of doubly reinforced section.</p>	<p>21.02.2023</p> <p>-</p> <p>11.03.2023</p>	<p>3.1 Limit state of collapse (flexure), Assumptions, Stress-Strain relationship for concrete and steel section etc.</p> <p>3.2 Concept of under-reinforced, over-reinforced and limiting section,</p> <p>3.3 Analysis and design.</p> <p>3.4 Necessity of doubly reinforced section.</p>	<p>21.02.2023</p> <p>22.02.2023</p> <p>24.02.2023</p> <p>25.02.2023</p> <p>28.02.2023</p> <p>01.03.2023</p> <p>03.03.2023</p> <p>06.03.2023</p> <p>10.03.2023</p> <p>11.03.2023</p>	
4	Shear, Bond and Development Length (LSM)	4	<p>4.1 Nominal shear stress in R.C. section, design shear strength of concrete, maximum shear stress.</p> <p>4.2 Bond and types of bond, bond stress, check for bond stress.</p> <p>4.3 Numerical problems on deciding whether shear reinforcement is required or not, check for adequacy of the section in shear.</p>	<p>14.03.2023</p> <p>-</p> <p>17.03.2023</p>	<p>4.1 Nominal shear stress in R.C. section, design shear strength of concrete, maximum shear stress.</p> <p>4.2 Bond and types of bond, bond stress, check for bond stress.</p> <p>4.3 Numerical problems on deciding whether shear reinforcement is required or not, check for adequacy of the section in shear.</p>	<p>14.03.2023</p> <p>15.03.2023</p> <p>16.03.2023</p>	

5	Analysis and Design of T-Beam (LSM)	15	<p>5.1 General features, advantages, effective width of flange as per IS: 456-2000 code provisions.</p> <p>5.2 Analysis of singly reinforced T-Beam, strain diagram & stress diagram etc.</p> <p>5.3 Simple numerical problems on deciding effective flange width.</p>	<p>18.03.2023</p> <p>-</p> <p>05.04.2023</p>	<p>5.1 General features, advantages, effective width of flange as per IS: 456-2000 code provisions.</p> <p>5.2 Analysis of singly reinforced T-Beam, strain diagram & stress diagram etc.</p> <p>5.3 Simple numerical problems on deciding effective flange width.</p>	<p>18.03.2023</p> <p>20.03.2023</p> <p>24.03.2023</p> <p>25.03.2023</p> <p>27.03.2023</p> <p>28.03.2023</p> <p>31.03.2023</p> <p>03.04.2023</p> <p>04.04.2023</p> <p>05.04.2023</p>	
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6	Analysis and Design of Slab and Stair case (LSM)	15	6.1 Design of simply supported one-way slabs for flexure check for deflection control and shear.	10.04.2023 - 28.04.2023	6.1 Design of simply supported one-way slabs for flexure check for deflection control and shear.	10.04.2023
			6.2 Design of one-way cantilever slabs and cantilevers chajjas for flexure check for deflection control and check for development length and shear.		6.2 Design of one-way cantilever slabs and cantilevers chajjas for flexure check for deflection control and check for development length and shear.	11.04.2023
			6.3 Design of two-way simply supported slabs for flexure with corner free to lift.		6.3 Design of two-way simply supported slabs for flexure with corner free to lift.	12.04.2023
			6.4 Design of dog-legged staircase		6.4 Design of dog-legged staircase	18.04.2023
			6.5 Detailing of reinforcement in stairs spanning longitudinally.		6.5 Detailing of reinforcement in stairs spanning longitudinally.	19.04.2023
						21.04.2023
						24.04.2023
						25.04.2023
						26.04.2023
						28.04.2023

